

Chapter 21

6. (a) $I = \frac{P}{\mathcal{E}} = \frac{85 \text{ W}}{120 \text{ V}} = \boxed{0.71 \text{ A}}$

(b) $\Delta t = \frac{\Delta Q}{I} = \left(\frac{\mathcal{E}}{P}\right) \times (1 \times 10^7 e) = \frac{1 \times 10^7 (120 \text{ V})(1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})}{85 \text{ W}} = \boxed{2 \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}}$

14. $I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{V}{\rho \frac{L}{A}} = \frac{VA}{\rho L} = \frac{(75 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V})(1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m})^2}{(1.3 \times 10^7 \Omega \cdot \text{m})(8.0 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m})} = \boxed{7.2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ A}}$

22. $\text{cost} = \text{power} \times \text{time} \times \frac{\text{cost}}{\text{kWh}}$
 $= (2.3 \text{ A})(120 \text{ V})(1 \text{ h}) \left(\frac{\$0.075}{10^3 \text{ Wh}}\right)$
 $= \boxed{\$0.021}$

26. $\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{35 \Omega + 82 \Omega} + \frac{1}{45 \Omega}$
 $R = \boxed{33 \Omega}$

35. $\mathcal{E} = IR_{\text{eq}} = (0.62 \text{ A})(84 \Omega + 130 \Omega) = \boxed{130 \text{ V}}$

42. Assume that I is clockwise.
 $0 = 11.5 \text{ V} - I(6.22 \Omega) - I(15.1 \Omega) + 15.0 \text{ V} - I(8.50 \Omega)$
 $I = \frac{26.5 \text{ V}}{29.82 \Omega} = 0.889 \text{ A}$
 The current flows clockwise.

47. $C_{\text{eq}} = 15 \mu\text{F} + \left(\frac{1}{8.2 \mu\text{F}} + \frac{1}{22 \mu\text{F}}\right)^{-1} = \boxed{21 \mu\text{F}}$

50. (a) $C_{\text{eq}} = 7.5 \mu\text{F} + 15 \mu\text{F} = \boxed{23 \mu\text{F}}$

(b) Since each capacitor has the same voltage across its plates, and since $Q = CV$, the 15- μF capacitor stores more charge.

(c) $Q_{7.5} = (7.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ F})(12 \text{ V}) = \boxed{90 \mu\text{C}}$
 $Q_{15} = (15 \times 10^{-6} \text{ F})(12 \text{ V}) = \boxed{180 \mu\text{C}}$